

Integrating Warehouse Design Models and Warehouse Analysis Models Using ModelCenter

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Outline



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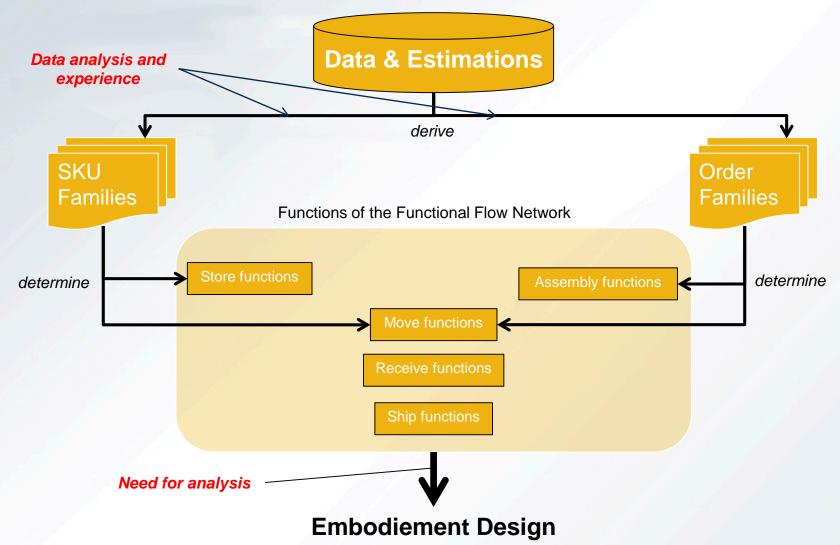
Problem Description

Warehouse design today:

- Design uses empirical knowledge Apple, Meller, and White
- Design decisions based more on rules of thumb than on analytic tools, because of lack of integration
- →Ad-hoc design process, not generalizable
- The need: Standardized design tools, which:
 - Connect design decisions to analytic submodels
 - Provides useful design libraries
 - Does not overly constrain design decisions

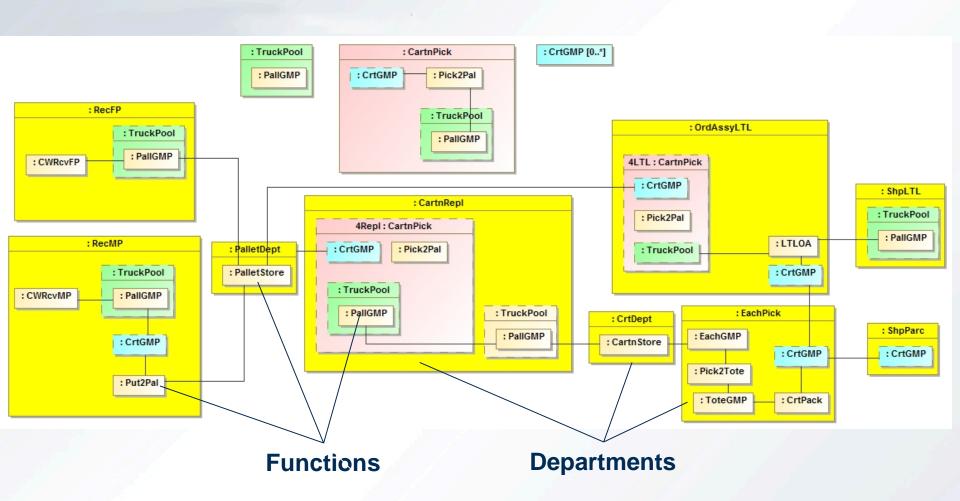


Warehouse Design with SysML





Warehouse Design Example



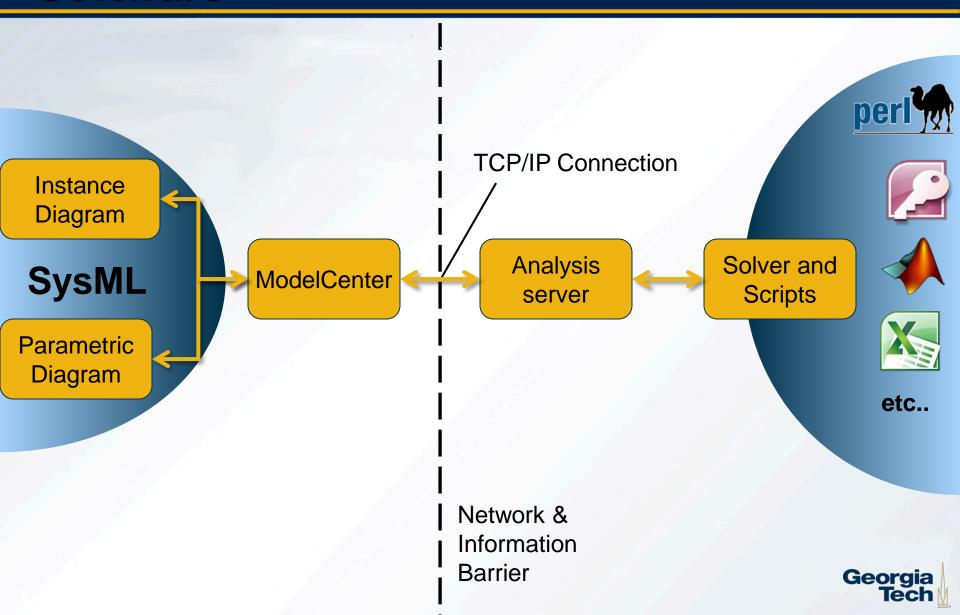


Embodiment Design

- Architecture of design (departments and flows) is given
- For each department, select technology, size and configure the technology
- Apple, Meller, and White suggest a way to use empirical knowledge to guide technology selection
- This presentation focuses on exploiting analytic models to support sizing and configuring

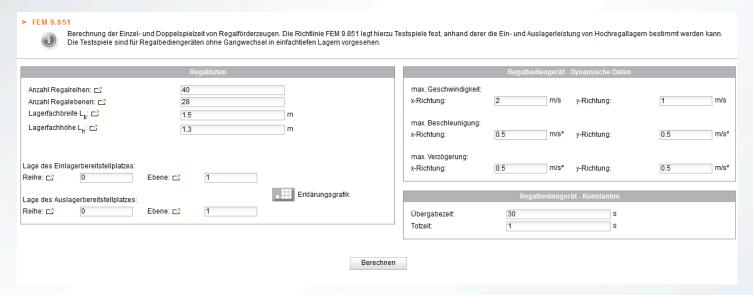


Connecting SysML with Analysis Software



Example: Cycle Time Calculation for AS/RS

- Analytic tools for warehouse design purposes available on the web
 - Example: Cycle time calculation according to FEM 9.851



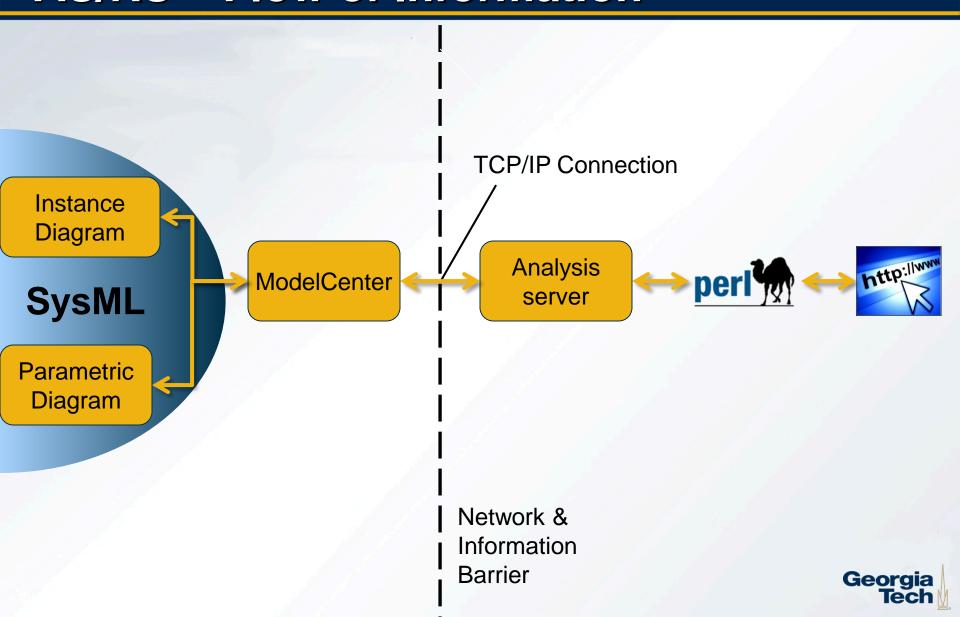


Example: Cycle Time Calculation for AS/RS

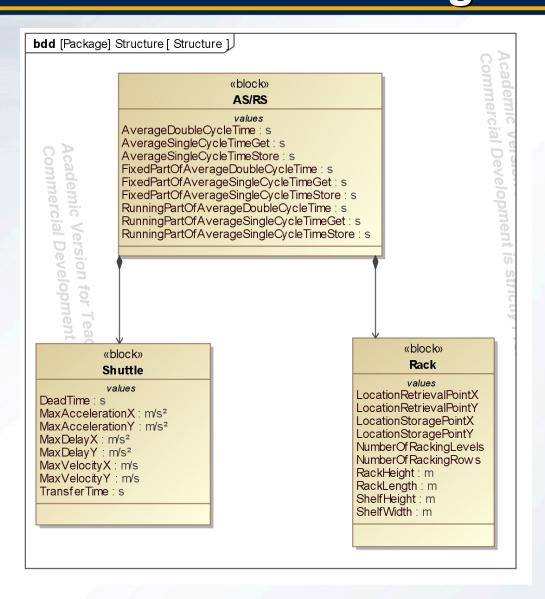
> FEM 9.851 Berechnung der Einzel- und Doppelspielzeit von Regalförderzeugen. Die Richtlinie FEM 9.851 legt hierzu Testspiele fest, anhand derer die Ein- und Auslagerleistung von Hochregallagern bestimmt werden kann. Die Testspiele sind für Regalbediengeräten ohne Gangwechsel in einfachtiefen Lagern vorgesehen. Anzahl Regalreihen ⊏2: 40 max. Geschwindigkeit Anzahl Regalebenen 2 28 x-Richtung: 2 m/s y-Richtung 1 m/s Lagerfachbreite L, 2: 1.5 m max. Beschleunigung: Lagerfachhöhe L, Z: 1.3 m 0.5 m/s² x-Richtung: 0.5 m/s² y-Richtung Lage des Einlagerbereitstellplatzes : max. Verzögerung: 0 Ebene 🚅: x-Richtung: 0.5 m/s² y-Richtung: 0.5 m/s² Lage des Auslagerbereitstellplatzes: Reihe 2: Ebene 🚅: Übergabezeit 30 sTotzeit 1.8 Eingabe 112.27 s Regalhöhe 2 36.40 m mittleres Einzelspiel der Einlagerung :: 60.00 m Regalbreite 2: = 50.27 s Fahrzeit + 62.00 s Konstantenanteil Regalwandparameter 1.21 mittleres Einzelspiel der Auslagerung :: 2: 112.27 s Brems- und Beschleunigungskonstante in ... = 50.27 s Fahrzeit + 62.00 s Konstantenanteil x-Richtung: 0.50 m/s² 0.50 m/s² 193.25 s y-Richtung: mittleres Doppelspiel :: = 69.25 s Fahrzeit + 124.00 s Konstantenanteil © Lehrstuhl für Förder- und Lagerwesen 2013 TU Dortmund



Example: Cycle Time Calculation for AS/RS – Flow of Information

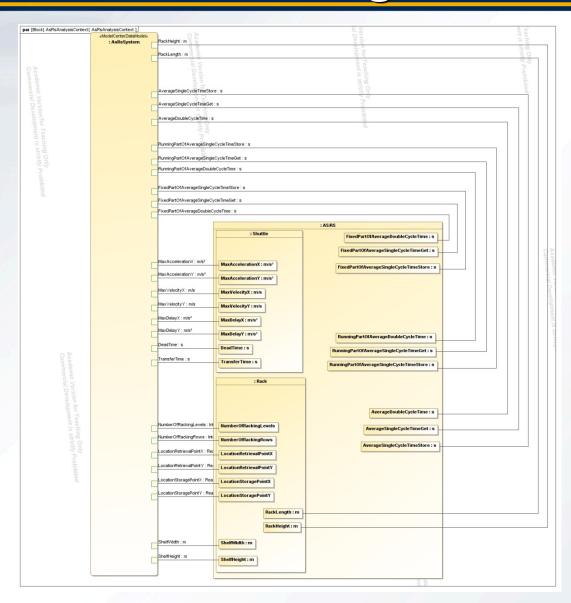


Example: Cycle Time Calculation for AS/RS – Block Definition Diagram



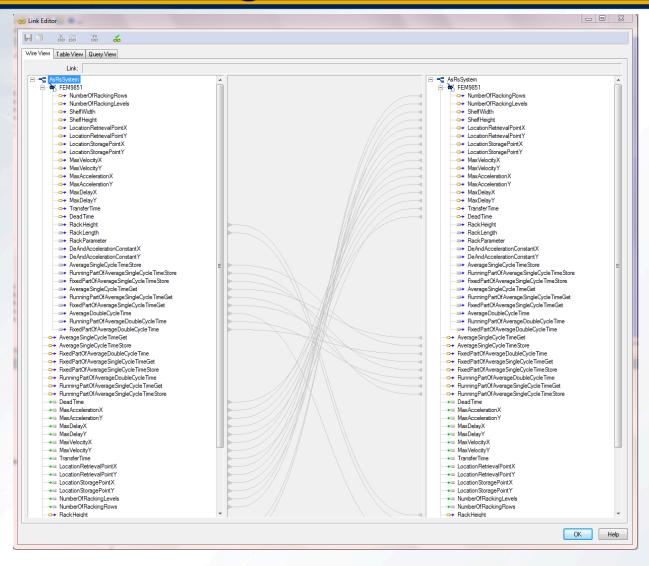


Example: Cycle Time Calculation for AS/RS – Parametric Diagram





Example: Cycle Time Calculation for AS/RS – Linkage in ModelCenter

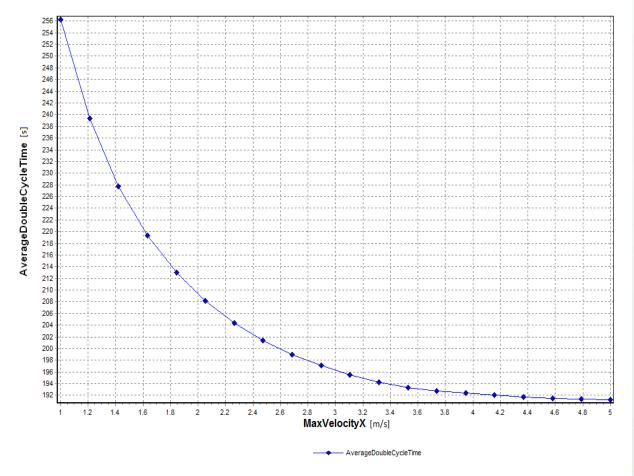




Example: Cycle Time Calculation for AS/RS – Parametric Study in ModelCenter

Fixed parameters:

- Dead time = 1s
- Maximum acceleration horizontal = 0.5m/s²
- Maximum acceleration vertical = 0.5m/s²
- Maximum delay horizontal = 0.5s
- Maximum delay vertical = 0.5s
- Maximum velocity vertical = 1m/s
- Number of racking levels = 28
- Number of racking rows = 40
- Shelf width = 1.5m
- Shelf height = 1.3m





Conclusion & Future Work



We have:

- Analysis in MagicDraw with Modelcenter in combination with analysis server tool
 - Also using excel components over LAN
 - Offers very high flexibility
 - Analysis can be a black box

To Do:

- Further integration into the warehouse design process
- Incorporate empirical knowledge
- Extension of libraries and analysis



References

 FEM 9.851 online cycle time calculation http://logscout.de/faces/modules/lager/lagerleistung/ fem9851/eingabe.jsp



We are glad to answer your questions!

THANK YOU!

